

This document contains key information you should know about BetaPro Bitcoin ETF. You can find more details about this exchange traded fund (ETF) in its prospectus. Ask your representative for a copy, contact Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc. at info@horizonsetfs.com or 1-866-641-5739, or visit www.horizonsetfs.com.

Before you invest, consider how the ETF would work with your other investments and your tolerance for risk.

This ETF is an alternative mutual fund. It has the ability to invest in asset classes or use investment strategies that are not permitted for other types of mutual funds, including with respect to the use of specified derivatives, the ability to employ leverage, and to borrow cash. While these strategies will only be used in accordance with the investment objectives and strategies of the ETF, during certain market conditions they may accelerate the risk that an investment in ETF Shares decreases in value. The ETF is not a conventional investment, is highly speculative and is very different from other Canadian exchange traded funds. As a result, the ETF should not be viewed as a stand-alone long term investment and is appropriate only for investors who have the capacity to absorb a loss of some or all of their investment. The ETF is exposed, directly or indirectly, to Bitcoin Futures that track the digital currency bitcoin. The ETF does not invest directly in bitcoin. There are inherent risks associated with products linked to crypto-assets, including Bitcoin Futures. While Bitcoin Futures are traded on a regulated exchange and cleared by regulated central counterparties, direct or indirect exposure to the high level of risk of Bitcoin Futures will not be suitable for all types of investors. An investor should only consider an investment in the ETF if he or she understands all of the consequences of being exposed, directly or indirectly, to Bitcoin Futures. Investors should monitor their investment in the ETF at least daily.

Quick facts

Date ETF started:	March 5, 2021	Fund manager:	Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc.
Total value on •:	n/a - new ETF	Portfolio manager:	Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc.
Management expense ratio (MER):	n/a - new ETF	Distributions:	None

Trading information (12 months ending •)

Ticker symbol:	HBIT(C\$)/HBIT.U(US\$)	Average daily volume:	n/a - new ETF
Exchange:	Toronto Stock Exchange (TSX)	Number of days traded:	n/a - new ETF
Currency:	United States dollars		

Pricing information (12 months ending •)

Market price (C\$):	n/a - new ETF	Market price (US\$):	n/a - new ETF
Net asset value {NAV} (C\$):	n/a - new ETF	Net asset value {NAV} (US\$):	n/a - new ETF
Average bid-ask spread (C\$):	n/a - new ETF	Average bid-ask spread (US\$):	n/a - new ETF

What does the ETF invest in?

The ETF is designed to provide investment results, before fees, expenses, distributions, brokerage commissions and other transaction costs, that endeavour to correspond to the performance of an index that replicates the returns generated over time through exposure to long notional investments in Bitcoin Futures. The current Underlying Index of the ETF is the Horizons Bitcoin Front Month Rolling Futures Index (Excess Return).

The charts below give you a snapshot of the ETF's investments on •. The ETF's investments will change.

Top 10 investments (•)

Because this is a new ETF, there are no investments yet.

Investment mix (•)

How risky is it?

The value of the ETF can go down as well as up. You could lose money.

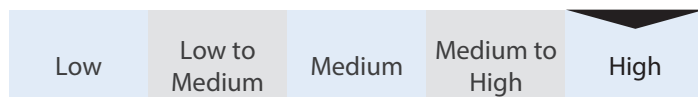
One way to gauge risk is to look at how much an ETF's returns change over time. This is called "volatility".

In general, ETF's with higher volatility will have returns that change more over time. They typically have a greater chance of losing money and may have a greater chance of higher returns. ETFs with lower volatility tend to have returns that change less over time. They typically have lower returns and may have a lower chance of losing money.

Risk rating

Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc. has rated the volatility of this ETF as **High**.

This rating is based on how much the ETF's returns have changed from year to year. It doesn't tell you how volatile the ETF will be in the future. The rating can change over time. An ETF with a low risk rating can still lose money.



For more information about the risk rating and specific risks that can affect the ETF's returns, see the "Risk Factors" section of the ETF's prospectus.

No guarantees

ETFs do not have any guarantees. You may not get back the amount of money you invest.

How has the ETF performed?

This section tells you how shares of the ETF have performed, with returns calculated using the ETF's net asset value (NAV). However, this information is not available because the ETF is new.

Year-by-year returns

This section tells you how shares of the ETF have performed in past calendar years. However, this information is not available because the ETF is new.

Best and worst 3-month returns

This section shows the best and worst of the ETF in a 3-month period. However, this information is not available because the ETF is new.

Average return

This section shows the value and annual compounded rate of return of a hypothetical \$1,000 investment in shares of the ETF. However, this information is not available because the ETF is new.

Trading ETFs

ETFs hold a basket of investments, like mutual funds, but trade on exchanges like stocks. Here are a few things to keep in mind when trading ETFs:

Pricing

ETFs have two sets of prices: market price and net asset value (NAV).

Market price

- ETFs are bought and sold on exchanges at the market price. The market price can change throughout the trading day. Factors like supply, demand, and changes in the value of an ETF's investments can effect the market price.
- You can get price quotes any time during the trading day. Quotes have two parts: **bid** and **ask**.
- The bid is the highest price a buyer is willing to pay if you want to sell your ETF shares. The ask is the lowest price a seller is willing to accept if you want to buy ETF shares. The difference between the two is called the "**bid-ask spread**".
- In general, a smaller bid-ask spread means the ETF is more liquid. That means you are more likely to get the price you expect.

Net asset value (NAV)

- Like mutual funds, ETFs have a NAV. It is calculated after the close of each trading day and reflects the value of an ETF's investments at that point in time.
- NAV is used to calculate financial information for reporting purposes – like the returns shown in this document.

Orders

There are two main options for placing trades: market orders and limit orders. A market order lets you buy or sell shares at the current market price. A limit order lets you set the price at which you are willing to buy or sell shares.

Timing

In general, market prices of ETFs can be more volatile around the start and end of the trading day. Consider using a limit order or placing a trade at another time during the trading day.

Who is this ETF for?

Investors who:

- are willing to invest in highly speculative investments
- are comfortable with a high degree of risk.

A word about tax

In general, you'll have to pay income tax on any money you make on an ETF. How much you pay depends on the tax laws where you live and whether or not you hold the ETF in a registered plan, such as a Registered Retirement Savings Plan or a Tax-Free Savings Account.

Keep in mind that if you hold your ETF in a non-registered account, distributions from the ETF are included in your taxable income, whether you get them in cash or have them reinvested.

How much does it cost?

This section shows the fees and expenses you could pay to buy, own and sell shares of the ETF. Fees and expenses, including any trailing commissions, can vary among ETFs.

Higher commissions can influence representatives to recommend one investment over another. Ask about other ETFs and investments that may be suitable for you at a lower cost.

1. Brokerage commissions

You may have to pay a commission every time you buy and sell shares of the ETF. Commissions may vary by brokerage firm. Some brokerage firms may offer commission-free ETFs or require a minimum purchase amount.

2. ETF expenses

You don't pay these expenses directly. They affect you because they reduce the ETF's returns.

The ETF's expenses are made up of the management fee, operating expenses and trading costs. The ETF's annual management fee is 1.00% of the ETF's value. Because this ETF is new, its operating expenses and trading costs are not yet available.

Trailing commission

The trailing commission is an ongoing commission. It is paid for as long as you own the ETF. It is for the services and advice that your representative and their firm provide to you.

This ETF doesn't have a trailing commission.

What if I change my mind?

Under securities law in some provinces and territories, you have the right to cancel your purchase within 48 hours after you receive confirmation of the purchase.

In some provinces and territories, you also have the right to cancel a purchase, or in some jurisdictions, claim damages, if the prospectus, ETF Facts or financial statements contain a misrepresentation. You must act within the time limit set by the securities law in your province or territory.

For more information, see the securities law of your province or territory or ask a lawyer.

For more information

Contact Horizons ETFs Management (Canada) Inc. or your representative for a copy of the ETF's prospectus and other disclosure documents. These documents and the ETF Facts make up the ETF's legal documents.

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